

2011 年 MBA 英语大纲核心词汇精解

说明

1. 定义。MBA 核心词汇是指在该类考试中使用频率最高，最重要的词汇。
2. 词汇量。本节所列核心词 1170 个，加上各词的同义词、英文解释及例句，本节实际上涵盖了 5000 左右的大纲词汇，是本书的核心部分。
3. 英文解释。以培养直接用英文思考和判断的能力为主要目的，所释义项和例句中单词所用义项无一一对应关系；释义时以基本义和引申义为主，尽量不释本义，比如动词尽量不释具体动作义而释抽象义，如“harvest”，舍“收割”释“收获”。
4. 例句。尽量采用与经济和管理相关的例句，因为英语大纲虽然取消了经济类词汇，但基于 MBA 的应用型专业硕士特点，阅读中不可避免地会有大量经济和管理的相关内容，所以选这类例句是为阅读作铺垫。
5. 标记。㊟-英文解释，㊢-同义词，㊣-典型例句。
6. 索引。后附索引表用于浏览了 3 遍之后检测效果和查漏补缺。

accuse [ə'kju:z] vt. 谴责，指责；(of) 控告，告发

- ㊟ bring an accusation against; level a charge against ㊢ charge; criminate
㊣ He was accused of incompetence. 他被指责为不称职。

accustomed [ə'kʌstəmd] a. 惯常的，通常的；(to) 习惯于...的，适应了

- ㊟ in the habit of or adapted to; commonly used or practiced; usual ㊢ habitual
㊣ I might have been incredulous had I not been accustomed to such responses.
若非我已经习惯了这样的回答，我可能不敢轻易相信。

achieve [ə'tʃi:v] vt. 完成，达到(目的)；得到，获得

- ㊟ to gain with effort ㊢ accomplish, attain, reach
㊣ We managed to achieve a kind of modus vivendi. 我们设法达成了某种临时的妥协。

acquaintance [ə'kweintəns] n. (with) 熟悉，熟知，相识，了解；熟人，相识的人

- ㊟ personal knowledge or information about someone or something
㊢ familiarity, conversance, conversancy
㊣ I have never made his acquaintance. 我与他素昧平生。

acquire [ə'kwaiə] vt. 取得，求得，获得，学得

- ㊟ come into the possession of something concrete or abstract; take on a certain form, attribute, or aspect ㊢ get; assume, adopt, take on, take
㊣ How did he acquire his wealth? 他的财富是怎样得来的？

actual ['æktʃuəl] a. 现实的，实际的，事实上的；现在的，目前的

- ㊟ presently existing in fact and not merely potential or possible ㊢ existent
㊣ I need the actual figures, not an estimate. 我需要确实的数字，不要估计的。

acute [ə'kju:t] a. 严重的，激烈的；敏锐的了；锐的，尖的；(疾病)急性的

- ㊟ extremely sharp or intense ㊢ intense
㊣ The patient is complaining of acute earache. 病人说耳部剧痛。

adapt [ə'dæpt] vt. 使适应；改编；改写 vi. (to) 适应

- ㊟ make fit for, or change to suit a new purpose ㊢ accommodate
㊣ You must adapt to the norms of the society you live in.
在社会中生活就要遵循社会行为准则。

additional [ə'dɪʃənl] a. 追加的，附加的；另外的

- ㊟ further or added ㊢ extra
㊣ The scenery does not fill the space properly, we should set on an additional piece here. 这个布景没有很好地占据空间，我们应在这儿增设一个。

address [ə'dres] n. 通讯处，地址；致词，讲话 vt. 向...致词(说话)；在(信封或包裹上)写姓名地址，致函

④ the place where a person or organization can be found or communicated with; the act of delivering a formal spoken communication to an audience ⑤ speech

⑥ There isn't enough space for my address.我写地址的地方不够。I beg leave to address the Council. 我请求允许向议会发表演说。

adequate ['ædikwit] a.充足的, 足够的; 适当的, 胜任的

④ enough to meet a purpose ⑤ decent, enough

⑥ That's not an adequate explanation. 这并不足以说明问题。

adjust [ə'dʒʌst] vt.(to)调整, 调节; 整理, 使合适

④ alter or regulate so as to achieve accuracy or conform to a standard ⑤ set, correct

⑥ Could you teach me how to adjust the iris of the camera?能教我调照相机的光圈吗?

administration [əd.mini'streɪʃən] n.经营, 管理, 支配; 管理部门; 实行, 执行

④ a method of tending to (especially business) matters ⑤ disposal

⑥ The Prime Minister appointed some new ministers to ginger up her administration.

首相任命一些新大臣以增强她现届政府的活力。

admire [əd'maɪə] vt.钦佩; 羡慕; 赞赏; 称赞, 夸奖

④ feel admiration for ⑤ look up to

⑥ They admire her alabaster complexion. 他们羡慕她那白润光滑的皮肤。

admit [əd'mɪt] vt./vi.准许...进来, 准许...加入; (to)承认, 供认

④ declare to be true or admit the existence or reality or truth of ⑤ acknowledge

⑥ His conduct admits of no excuse.他的行为无可宽恕。

adopt [ə'dɒpt] vt./vi.采用, 采纳, 采取; 正式通过, 批准; 收养(子女)

④ choose and follow; as of theories, ideas, policies, strategies or plans ⑤ follow

⑥ We should adopt the consumers' suggestion.我们应该接受用户的建议。

advance [əd'vɑ:ns] vi.前进; (价格等)上涨; 促进 vt.提前; 提出(建议等) n.前进, 进展, 发展; 预付; 提前

④ a movement forward ⑤ progress, progression

⑥ There have been great advances in medicine in the last ten years.

在过去十年里, 医学取得了巨大的进步。

adventure [əd'ventʃə] n.冒险, 奇遇; 冒险活动

④ a wild and exciting undertaking ⑤ risky venture, dangerous undertaking

⑥ She got back safe from her adventure. 她有惊无险已安全返回。

advisable [əd'vaɪzəbl] a.明智的; 可取的; 适当的

④ worthy of being recommended or suggested; prudent or wise

⑥ I felt it advisable to do nothing. 我认为最好什麼也别做。

advertise ['ædvətaɪz] vt.为...做广告, 宣传; (在报刊、电视、广播等中)公告, 公布

④ call attention to ⑤ publicize, advertize, publicise

⑥ If you want to sell your product you must advertise it.

如果你要推销自己的产品, 你就必须做广告。

affect [ə'fekt] vt.影响; 侵袭; 感动 n.情感, 感情

④ have an effect upon ⑤ impact, bear upon, bear on, touch on, touch

⑥ The climate affected his health. 气候影响了他的健康。

affection [ə'fekʃən] n.喜爱, 慈爱, 感情, 爱慕之情

④ a positive feeling of liking ⑤ affectionateness, fondness, tenderness, heart, warmth,

⑥ He gave me a necklace as a token of his affection.他给了我一根项链作为爱情象征。

affiliate [ə'fɪliet] vt./vi.(使)加入, 联合; (to,with)使隶属(附属)于 n.附属公司; 分公司

⑥ Businessmen should always affiliate themselves to the local Chamber of Commerce. 生意人应该始终加入当地商会。

afford [ə'fɔ:d] vt.(与 can,could,be able to 连用)买得起, 花得起(时间); 提供, 给予

④ be able to spare or give up; be the cause or source of ⑤ yield, give

⑥ These trees afford a pleasant shade. 这些树提供了荫凉。

agency ['eidʒənsi] n. 代理行, 代办处, 经销店; (政府等的) 专业行政部门

④ an administrative unit of government ⑤ government agency, bureau, office

⑥ By and large the work of the news agency is appreciative.

一般而论这家新闻社的工作是让人感激的。

agent ['eidʒənt] n. 代理人, 代理商, 经纪人; 政府特工人员; 药剂

④ a representative who acts on behalf of other persons or organizations

⑥ He and his agent have parted company. He has parted company with his agent.

他和他的代理人散伙了。

aid [eid] vt. 帮助, 援助 n. 帮助, 救护; 助手, 辅助物, 辅助手段

④ give help or assistance; be of service ⑤ help, assist

⑥ We were greatly aided in our investigation by the cooperation of the police. 我们在调查的过程中得到警方的大力协助。

alarm [ə'lɑ:m] n. 警报, 警报器, 警铃; 惊恐, 忧虑 vt. 向...报警; 使惊慌, 使不安, 惊吓

④ fear resulting from the awareness of danger ⑤ dismay, consternation

⑥ The government is alarmed by the dramatic increase in violent crime.

政府对暴力犯罪案件的急剧增加感到恐慌。

alike [ə'laik] a. (常作表语) 相似的, 同样的, 相像的 adv. 一样, 以同样的方式

④ having the same or similar characteristics ⑤ similar, like

⑥ I always confuse the sisters: they look so alike.

我总是分不出这对姐妹, 她们看上去简直一模一样。

alter ['ɔ:lteɪ] v. 改变, 变更

④ cause to change; make different; cause a transformation ⑤ change, modify

⑥ I'll have to alter the diagram. I've made a mistake. 我得修改图表。我出了点儿错。

amateur [æmə'tɔ:ə] a. 业余的; 非职业的; 外行的 n. 业余爱好者, 业余运动员; 外行

④ someone who pursues a study or sport as a pastime; ⑤ recreational, unpaid

⑥ Amateur actors often overact. 业余演员往往表演过火。

amaze [ə'meiz] v. 使惊奇, 使惊叹

④ affect with wonder ⑤ astonish, astound

⑥ I was amazed to find her there. 发现她在那, 我感到很吃惊。

ambition [æm'biʃən] n. 雄心, 野心; 期望得到的东西

④ a cherished desire ⑤ aspiration, dream

⑥ His ambition was to meet his favourite pop star face to face.

他心向往之的是要面对面地见见他心目中的流行曲歌星。

ambulance ['æmbjuləns] n. 救护车, 救护船, 救护飞机

④ a vehicle that takes people to and from hospitals

⑥ An ambulance dashed to the scene of the accident. 救护车风驰电掣赶往事发现场。

amuse [ə'mju:z] v. 逗乐; 给...提供娱乐

④ occupy in an agreeable, entertaining or pleasant fashion ⑤ divert, disport

⑥ The actors were really hamming it up to amuse the audience.

这些演员为博观众一粲, 表演得实在太过火了。

analysis [ə'næləsis] n. 分析; 分析报告

④ an investigation of the component parts of a whole and their relations in making up the whole

⑥ We agreed with his acute analysis of the political situation.

我们都同意他对政治形势的深刻分析。

ancestor ['ænsistə] n. 祖宗, 祖先; 原型, 先驱

⑤ someone from whom you are descended ⑥ ascendant, ascendent, antecedent, root

⑦ He is sprung from noble ancestors.他出身名门。

ancient ['eɪnfənt] **a.**古代的; 古老的

⑤ belonging to times long past especially of the historical period before the fall of the Western Roman Empire

⑦ This is an ancient parable.这是一个古老的寓言。

annoy [ə'noɪ] **vt.**使烦恼, 使生气; 打扰

⑤ cause annoyance in; disturb, especially by minor irritations ⑥ rag, bother, irritate

⑦ A fly kept annoying me.一只苍蝇老在打搅我。

annual ['ænjʊəl] **a.**每年的, 年度的 **n.**年刊, 年鉴

⑤ occurring or payable every year ⑥ yearly

⑦ The firm has an annual turnover of 75 million.这家公司的年营业额为 7500 万英镑。

anticipate [æn'tɪsɪpeɪt] **vi.**预料, 期望; 先于...行动; 提前使用

⑤ regard something as probable or likely ⑥ expect

⑦ We anticipate that we will meet a certain amount of resistance to our plan.

我们预料我们的计划会遇到一些人的反对。

apart [ə'pɑ:t] **ad.**离去, 分开; (空间、时间)成距离, 相隔; 除去

⑤ separated or at a distance in place or position or time ⑥ aside

⑦ He took my essay apart but I found his criticism helpful.他

把我的文章狠狠地批评了一顿, 但我认为他的批评有好处

apparent [ə'pærənt] **a.**(to)显然的, 明显的; 表面上的, 外表的, 貌似(真实)的

⑤ clearly revealed to the mind or the senses or judgment ⑥ evident, manifest, patent

⑦ She heard the news of his death with apparent unconcern.她听到他的死讯无动於衷。

appeal [ə'pi:l] **vi.**(to)呼吁, 恳求; (against)申诉; (to)求助于, 诉诸于 **n.**(to)要求, 呼吁; 上诉, 申诉; 吸引力

⑤ take a court case to a higher court for review

⑦ Her eyes held a look of silent appeal.她眼中流露著无声的求助神情。

appetite ['æpɪtaɪt] **n.**食欲, 胃口; 欲望

⑤ a feeling of craving something

⑦ There's nothing to touch mountain air for giving you an appetite.

再也没有比山间清新的空气更能促进食欲的了。

applicable ['æplɪkəbl] **a.**(to)可适用的, 可实施的; 适当的, 合适的

⑤ capable of being applied; having relevance ⑥ applicative, applicatory

⑦ Above rate applicable until further notice.除非另有通知, 上述运费率适用。

appoint [ə'pɔɪnt] **vt.**任命, 约定, 指定(时间、地点)

⑤ create and charge with a task or function ⑥ name, nominate, constitute

⑦ As a top manager, he should appoint none but people on their merit.

作为一位总经理, 他应该任人为贤。

appraisal [ə'preɪzəl] **n.**评价, 估量, 估价

⑤ the classification of someone or something with respect to its worth ⑥ assessment

⑦ All events have proved our appraisal to be correct.一切事实都证明, 我们估计正确。

appreciate [ə'pri:ʃieɪt] **vt./vi.**欣赏, 重视, 赏识; 为...表示感激; 增值

⑤ recognize with gratitude; be grateful for; be fully aware of; realize fully ⑥ take account

⑦ We all appreciate a holiday after a year of hard working.

经过一年辛苦工作之后, 大家都能领略假期的乐趣。

approach [ə'prəʊtʃ] **vi./vt.**(to)靠近, 接近 **n.**接近; 途径; 方法

⑤ move towards ⑥ near, come on, go up, draw close, come near

⑨ All the approaches to the palace were guarded by troops.

通往宫殿的所有道路都有部队把守。

appropriate [ə'prəʊpriət] a. (to)适当的, 恰当的 vt.拨出(款项等); 占用, 挪用

⑩ suitable for a particular person or place or condition etc

⑪ Upon reaching an appropriate age, children are encouraged, but not forced, to "leave the nest".一达到适当的年龄, 孩子们就被鼓励, 而不是被强迫, "离开老窝"。

approve [ə'pru:v] vt./vi.(of)赞成, 赞同; 批准, 对...表示认可

⑩ give sanction to ⑪ O.K., okay, sanction

⑪ We can't approve of this sort of thing/these sorts of things/things of this sort.

我们不能赞同这种事。

argument ['ɑ:gjumənt] n.辩论, 争论, 争吵; (from, against)论据, 理由

⑩ a fact or assertion offered as evidence that something is true ⑪ statement

⑪ The interruption fragmented his argument.他的辩论因被打断而显得不完整。

arise [ə'raiz] vi.出现; (from)由...引起, 由...产生, 起源于

⑩ come into existence; take on form or shape ⑪ originate, rise, develop, uprise, spring up, ⑫ The problem may not arise, but there's no harm in keeping our powder dry.

问题不一定会发生, 但有备无患并无害处。

arouse [ə'rauz] v.唤醒; 引起; 激起

⑩ call forth (emotions, feelings, and responses) ⑪ evoke, fire, raise, provoke

⑪ His sufferings aroused our sympathy.他的痛苦引起了我们的同情。

artificial [ɑ:ti'fiʃəl] a.人造的, 人工的; 人为的, 矫柔造作的

⑩ contrived by art rather than nature ⑪ unreal

⑪ Artificial heating hastens the growth of plants.人工供暖能促进植物生长。

ashamed [ə'ʃeimd] a.(常用做表语)惭愧的, 害臊的, 羞耻的

⑩ feeling shame or guilt or embarrassment or remorse

⑪ He is ashamed for his former dishonorable action.他对以前不光彩的行为感到羞愧。

aspect ['æspekt] n.方面; 外表; (建筑物的)朝向, 方向

⑩ a distinct feature or element in a problem ⑪ facet

⑪ The historical aspect formed the main theme of her essay.

她的论文的主题是由历史观点贯穿起来的。

assemble [ə'sembl] vt./vi.集合; 装配

⑩ create by putting components or members together ⑪ put together, set up, tack

⑪ If the fire-alarm goes, staff should assemble outside the building.

火警警报响时全体人员应到楼外集合。

asset ['æset] n.有价值的物品, 优点, 长处; (pl.)资产, 财产

⑩ a useful or valuable quality ⑪ plus

⑪ The tennis player's speed is his great asset.

那个网球运动员动作迅速, 这是他的一大优势。

assign [ə'sain] vt.(to)指派, 指定; (to)分配; 指定(时间、地点等)

⑩ give an assignment to (a person) to a post, or assign a task to ⑪ delegate, designate

⑪ It is impossible to assign an exact date to this building.

确定这座建筑物的确切年代是不可能的。

assist [ə'sist] v.援助, 协助

⑩ give help or assistance; be of service ⑪ help, aid

⑪ He asked us to assist him in carrying through his plan.他请求我们帮他完成计划。

associate [ə'səʊʃieit] vt./vi.(with)把...联系在一起; 使联想 n.伙伴, 合作人 a.副的

⑩ make a logical or causal connection ⑪ tie in, relate, link, colligate, link up, connect

⑨ I don't want to associate myself with them any more. 我不愿再和他们交往了。

assume [ə'sju:m] vt. 假定, 设想; 承担, 担任, 就职; 呈现, 具有, 采取

⑩ take to be the case or to be true; accept without verification or proof ⑪ presume, take for granted

⑫ She was in arrogance to assume she would win every time.

她认为每次都能赢, 未免太自大了。

assure [ə'ʃuə] vt.(of) 使确信, 使放心; 保证给, 确保

⑬ make certain of ⑭ guarantee, ensure, insure, secure

⑮ Her success as an actress was now assured. 她当演员很成功, 已毋庸置疑了。

astonish [əs'tɒnɪʃ] vt. 使惊讶, 使吃惊

⑯ affect with wonder ⑰ amaze, astound

⑱ She astonished me with her beautiful handwriting. 她以其秀丽的书法而使我惊异。

astronaut ['æstrɒnɔ:t] n. 宇航员

⑲ a person trained to travel in a spacecraft ⑳ spaceman, cosmonaut

㉑ The astronaut accepted danger was part of the job.

太空人承认他们的工作中包含著危险。

attach [ə'tætʃ] vt. 系上; 使附属; 加于....上; 使依恋, 使喜爱

㉒ cause to be attached

㉓ This middle school is attached to a teachers' college. 这所中学附属于一所师范院校。

attempt [ə'tempt] vt. 尝试, 企图, 开始做 n. 努力, 尝试

㉔ earnest and conscientious activity intended to do or accomplish something ② effort, endeavour, try

㉕ My first attempt at a chocolate cake tasted horrible. 我首次试做的蛋糕难吃极了。

attendance [ə'tendəns] n. 出席; 出席人数

㉖ the act of being present (at a meeting or event etc.) ② attending

㉗ He didn't have perfect attendance this year. 他今年有缺勤。

attorney [ə'tɔ:ni] n. 代理人; 律师

㉘ a professional person authorized to practice law; conducts lawsuits or gives legal advice ② lawyer

㉙ The attorney got her client off with a slap on the wrist.

这位律师使她的委托人仅受到轻罚就获释了。

audience ['ɔ:diəns] n. 听众, 观众, 读者

㉚ a gathering of spectators or listeners at a (usually public) performance

㉛ His speech won the applause of the audience. 他的讲话赢得了听众的掌声。

authority [ə'θɔ:riti] n. 权力; 权威, 专家; 行政管理机构, 当权者; (pl.) 当局

㉜ the power or right to give orders or make decisions

② authorization, potency, dominance, say-so

㉝ This old man is a leading authority on wheat diseases.

这位老人是小麦病虫害方面的权威。

automatic [ɔ:tə'mætɪk] a. 自动的; 无意识的, 机械的 n. 自动机械

㉞ operating with minimal human intervention; independent of external control

㉟ Many workers in the sorting office lost their jobs when an automatic sorter was introduced. 拣信室安装了自动拣信机之后, 许多拣信员都失业了。

available [ə'veɪləbl] a. 现成可使用的, 在手边的, 可利用的; 可以见到的, 随时可来的

㊱ obtainable or accessible and ready for use or service

㊲ Several cars are available within this price range.

在这个价格范围内, 有好几种汽车可供选购。

average ['ævərɪdʒ] a. 平均的; 一般的, 通常的 n. 平均(数); 平均水平 v. 平均为

㊳ a statistic describing the location of a distribution ② norm

㊴ The average of 4, 6 and 8 is 6. 例: 4, 6, 8 的平均数是 6。

avoid [ə'void] vt.避免; 避开

① stay clear from; keep away from; keep out of the way of someone or something

② He is a fugitive from justice trying to avoid being caught by the police.他是逃犯,正试图逃避警方的追捕。

awake [ə'weik] v.唤醒; (使)觉醒; 醒悟到, 认识到 a.醒着的

① stop sleeping ② wake up, arouse, awaken, wake, come alive, waken

③ A pilot must be awake to the changes in the weather.飞行员必须警觉天气的变化。

aware [ə'weə] a.意识到的, 知道的

① (sometimes followed by of) having or showing knowledge or understanding or realization or perception

② cognizant, cognizant

③ Their sudden attack made us more aware of the danger around us.

他们突然的攻击使我们更加注意我们周围的危险。

award [ə'wɔ:d] vt.颁奖, 授予 n.奖, 奖品

① give, especially as an honor or reward ② present

③ She has been awarded a scholarship to study at Harvard.

她获得了去哈佛大学读书的奖学金。

awful ['ɔ:ful] a.极坏的; 可怕的; 极度的; 感到难过的, 不舒服的

① exceptionally bad or displeasing ② atrocious, dreadful, painful, terrible, unspeakable

③ It would be awful if he found out the truth.如果他发现了真相, 那就糟了。

awkward ['ɔ:kwəd] a.笨拙的; 尴尬的; 棘手的

① causing inconvenience

② The heavy ax was awkward to use.这把重斧头不好用。

baggage ['bægidʒ] n.行李

① a case used to carry belongings when traveling ② luggage

③ Baggage loaded onto an aircraft must be evenly distributed.

飞机载运的行李应均匀放置在各个部位。

ban [bæn] n./vt.禁止, 禁令, 取缔

① a decree that prohibits something ② prohibition, proscription

③ A ban on the importation of drugs had been issued recently.

最近已经发布了禁止进口毒品的法令。

band [bænd] n.乐队; 带子; 波段; 一群, 一伙 vt.绑扎

① a group of musicians playing popular music for dancing ② dance orchestra

③ The town band led off by playing the national anthem.乐队以国歌开始他们的演奏。

bankrupt ['bæŋkrʌpt] n.破产者 vt.使破产 a.破产的; 彻底缺乏的

① reduce to bankruptcy ② ruin, break, smash

③ If your liabilities exceed your assets, you may go bankrupt.

如果你所负的债超过你的资产, 你就会破产。

bare [beə] a.赤裸的, 光秃的; 仅有的 vt.裸露, 露出

① completely unclothed ② au naturel, naked, nude

③ The strongest man (that) you can think of cannot tear the log apart with bare hands.就连你能想到的最壮的人也不能光用手就将木头撕裂。

barrier ['bæriə] n.栅栏; 障碍; 关卡

① a structure or object that impedes free movement

② The ice skater rammed into the barrier.溜冰者撞到护栏上了。

bargain ['bɑ:gin] n.契约, 合同交易; 便宜货; 成交商品 vt.讨价还价

① negotiate the terms of an exchange ② dicker

③ The exam was more difficult than I had bargained for.这次考试之难出乎我意料之外。

basis ['beɪsɪs] **n.**基础, 根据

④ a relation that provides the foundation for something ⑤ footing, ground

⑥ Payments can be evened out on a monthly basis over the year.

全部款项可以在一年中按月平均交纳。

beforehand [bi'fɔ:hænd] **ad.**预先, 事先

④ ahead of time; in anticipation ⑤ ahead, in advance

⑥ It had been arranged beforehand. 那事已提前安排好了。

behalf [bi'hɑ:f] **n.**利益, 方面

④ as the agent of or on someone's part

⑥ The agent spoke on behalf of his principal. 代理人代表他的委托人说话。

belong [bi'lɒŋ] **vi.**属于; 隶属, 是...的一员; 应归入(类别、派别、范畴等)

④ be owned by; be in the possession of

⑥ What party do you belong to? 你属于哪一党派?

beneficial [ˌbeni'fiʃəl] **a.**有益的, 有利的

④ promoting or enhancing well-being ⑤ good

⑥ Calcium is beneficial to our bones. 钙对我们的骨骼有益。

benefit ['benɪtɪ] **n.**利益, 好处; 救济金, 保险金 **v.**得益; 有益于

④ financial assistance in time of need

⑥ This project is of great benefit to everyone. 这项工程对每个人都大有好处。

bid [bɪd] **v.**投标; 命令, 吩咐; 说(问候的话); 祝愿; **n.**出价, 报价

④ an authoritative direction or instruction to do something ⑤ command, bidding

⑥ Several firms have bid for the contract to build the new concert hall.

有几家公司投标, 争取建造新音乐厅的合同。

bill [bɪl] **n.**帐单, 清单; 钞票; 票据; 议案, 法案

④ a statute in draft before it becomes law ⑤ measure

⑥ After a long debate the bill was passed. 经长时间的辩论, 议案获得通过。

blame [bleɪm] **vt.**责备, 责怪; (on, onto)把...归咎于 **n.**责任, 过失; 指责

④ put or pin the blame on ⑤ fault

⑥ The bank manager was really to blame, though he tried to pin it on a clerk.

真正受责备的应该是银行经理, 可是他却想把责任推到一个职员身上。

blank [blæŋk] **a.**空白的; 茫然的 **n.**空白(处), 空格

④ (of a surface) not written or printed on ⑤ clean, white

⑥ The architect was given/presented with a blank cheque to design a new city centre.

设⑥ 计师被授予全权设计一个新的城市中心区。

block [blɒk] **n.**块; 街区; 障碍物; 大楼, 一排房屋 **vt.**阻塞, 封锁

④ a solid piece of something (usually having flat rectangular sides)

⑥ She chopped the block of wood in two with a single blow. 她一斧头把木块劈成两半。

bloom [blu:m] **n.**花朵; 开花期 **vi.**开花

④ produce or yield flowers ⑤ blossom, flower

⑥ The roses are blooming! 玫瑰花正在盛开。

board [bɔ:d] **n.**木板; 甲板, 船舷; 伙食; 董事会 **vt.**上飞机(或船、车); 供应伙食

④ a committee having supervisory powers

⑥ Mary is a workers' representative on the Board. 玛丽是理事会的工人代表。

boast [bəʊst] **v.**(of, about)自夸, 夸耀; 有...可以夸耀, 自豪地拥有 **n.**自夸, 自吹自擂

④ show off ⑤ tout, swash, shoot a line, brag, gas, blow, bluster

Don't believe him; he is just boasting. 别相信他, 他只是在吹嘘罢了。

bold [bəʊld] **a.**大胆的; 冒失的; 黑体字的

⑤ fearless and daring

⑥ You are so bold that you never do something on second thought.

你太鲁莽，从来不知道深思熟虑后做事。

bond [bɒnd] n. 契约；结合物，粘结剂；债券

⑤ an electrical force linking atoms ⑥ chemical bond

⑥ A bond of sympathy developed between members of the group.

该组织成员间产生了志同道合的凝聚力。

bonus ['bʌnəs] n. 奖金；红利；额外津贴

⑤ anything that tends to arouse ⑥ fillip

⑥ Our manager has been fudging the issue of bonus payments for months.

我们的经理数月来一直回避发放奖金一事。

boom [bu:m] n. 低沉的隆隆声；营业等的激增，经济迅速发展 vi./vt. 雷、炮等发出隆隆声；兴隆，迅速发展

⑤ a sudden happening that brings good fortune ⑥ gold rush, windfall, bounce

⑥ He made his pile during the property boom. 在房地产生意兴隆期间他发了大财。

border ['bɔ:də] n. 边；边界，国界 v. 给...加上边，围；与...接壤(毗邻)

⑤ a line that indicates a boundary ⑥ boundary line, borderline, delimitation, mete

⑥ Our garden is bordered on one side by a stream. 我们的花园有一边以小河为界。

bore [bɔ:] vt. 使厌烦；钻(孔)打眼，凿通 n. 令人厌烦的人或事；孔，孔道

⑤ cause to be bored ⑥ tire

⑥ He bored us all by talking for hours about his new house.

他连续几个小时大谈他的新房子，使我们大家都厌烦透了。

bound [baund] a. 必定的；受约束的 vi. 跳跃，跳跃着前进；跳回，反弹 vt. 成为...的界限，给...划界限 n. 分界线，边界；界限，范围

⑤ move forward by leaps and bounds ⑥ jump, leap, spring

⑥ With one bound, he was over the wall. 他纵身一跃就跳过了墙。

boundary ['baundri] n. 分界线；边界

⑤ the line or plane indicating the limit or extent of something ⑥ bound, bounds

⑥ The lane is the boundary of our land. 那条小路就是我们这片地的界线。

brain [brein] n. 大脑；(pl.)智力；脑髓

⑤ mental ability ⑥ brainpower, learning ability, mental capacity, mentality, wit

⑥ He is one of the leading brains in the country. 他是国家的知识分子精英。

breed [bri:d] v. 生仔，繁殖；饲养；产生，引起；养育，教养 n. (牲畜等的)品种，种类

⑤ have young (animals) ⑥ multiply

⑥ The bear bred two cubs. 这只熊生了两只小熊。

bribe [braib] v. 贿赂，向...行贿 n. 贿赂，行贿

⑤ payment made to a person in a position of trust to corrupt his judgment ⑥ payoff

⑥ He is so honest that he will not accept bribe. 他忠诚老实，不肯受贿。

brief [bri:f] a. 简短的；短暂的 vt. 作简要介绍

⑤ give essential information to someone

⑥ The company has briefed a top lawyer to defend it.

公司已将案件委托给最好的律师进行辩护。

burden ['bɜ:dn] n. 重担，负担；重负，负荷；船的装载量

⑤ weight down with a load ⑥ burthen, weight, weight down

⑥ I don't want to burden you with my problem. 我不想让我的问题给你添麻烦。

bride [braid] n. 新娘

⑤ a woman who has recently been married

㊤ Let's drink (a toast) to the bride and bridegroom! 让我们举杯向新娘和新郎祝贺!

bureau ['bjʊərəu] n.(机构的)局, 部, 办事处

㊤ an administrative unit of government ㊥ agency, federal agency, office, authority

㊤ He works in this bureau. 他在这个局工作过。

burst [bɜ:st] v.使爆炸; (in,out)突然发生; (芽、蕾等)绽开 n.爆炸; 裂口, 决口

㊤ the act of exploding or bursting something ㊥ explosion

㊤ I've eaten so much. I'm bursting at the seams. 我吃得太多了, 肚子都要撑破了。

cabinet ['kæbinit] n.橱柜; 政府内阁

㊤ persons appointed by a head of state to head executive departments of government and act as official advisers

㊤ The Cabinet meets regularly. 内阁定期开会。

calculate ['kælkjuleit] v.计算; 推算; 计划

㊤ make a mathematical calculation or computation ㊥ compute, work out, reckon, figure

㊤ The computer has been programmed (to calculate the gross profit margin on all sales). 计算机已输入了程序指令(以计算各项销售的毛利率)。

campaign [kæm'pein] n.战役; 运动 vi.参加运动, 参加竞选

㊤ a race between candidates for elective office ㊥ political campaign, run

㊤ The new managing director will act as spearhead of the campaign.

新上任的常务董事将在这场运动中挂帅。

cancel ['kænsəl] vt.取消; 删去; 抵消

㊤ postpone indefinitely or annul something that was scheduled ㊥ call off, scratch, scrub

㊤ If the worst comes to the worst, we'll have to cancel our holiday plans.

要是情况不妙, 我们就只好取消度假计划了。

candidate ['kændidit] n.报考者; 候选人

㊤ a politician who is running for public office ㊥ campaigner, nominee

㊤ In my estimation, he is a more suitable candidate. 我认为他是更合适的人选。

capable ['keipəbl] a.有能力的; 能...的

㊤ (usually followed by 'of') having capacity or ability

㊤ Only human beings are capable of speech. 只有人类才具有说话的能力。

capacity [kə'pæsiti] n.容量; 能力; 身份, 职位

㊤ ability to perform or produce

㊤ In prospect of increase in demand, we should operate at full capacity.

预计需求会有很大增长, 我们应该开足马力生产。

capture ['kæptʃə] vt.捉拿; 俘获; 夺取 n.俘获, 俘虏; 战利品, 俘虏物

㊤ succeed in catching or seizing, especially after a chase ㊥ get, catch

㊤ The easiest way to capture a fortress is from within. 堡垒最容易从内部攻破。

career [kə'riə] n.经历, 生涯; 职业, 专业

㊤ the particular occupation for which you are trained ㊥ calling, vocation

㊤ She experienced a loss of identity after giving up her career to get married.

她放弃职业结婚以后有一种失落感。

cargo ['kɑ:gəu] n.货物, 船货

㊤ goods carried by a large vehicle ㊥ freight, load, loading, shipment

㊤ How long will the discharge of the cargo take? 卸货需要多久?

case [keis] n.事实, 情况; 病例; 案件, 案例; 盒(箱)子; 壳子, 套子, 鞘

㊤ a comprehensive term for any proceeding in a court of law whereby an individual seeks a legal remedy

㊥ lawsuit, suit, cause, causa

㊤ In your case, we are prepared to be lenient. 根据你的情况, 我们拟予从宽处理

④ an occurrence of something ⑤ instance, example

⑥ In case of fire, ring the alarm bell.如遇失火, 请按警铃。

cash [kæʃ] **n.** 现金, 现款 **v.** 兑现, 付现

④ money in the form of bills or coins ⑤ hard cash, hard currency

⑥ We give 10 percent discount for cash.现金付款, 我们九折优惠。

casual ['kæʒjuəl] **a.** 偶然的; 随便的; 临时的, 不定期的; 不经意的, 随便的

④ occurring or appearing or singled out by chance ⑤ accidental, chance

⑥ Such casual dress would not be correct for a formal occasion.

这样的便服不宜在正式场合穿。

caution ['kɔ:ʃən] **n.** 小心, 谨慎; 警告, 告诫; 注意事项 **v.** 警告, 劝某人小心; 告诫

④ the trait of being cautious; being attentive to possible danger ⑤ carefulness

⑥ We urged caution.我们特别提出要小心谨慎。

cease [si:s] **v.** 停止, 结束

④ put an end to a state or an activity ⑤ discontinue, stop, give up, quit, lay off

⑥ The newspaper had ceased publication.报纸已停刊。

celebrate ['selibreit] **vt.** 庆祝; 颂扬, 赞美 **vi.** 庆祝, 过节

④ celebrate, as of holidays or rites ⑤ observe, keep

⑥ Why don't we crack open a bottle of champagne to celebrate?

我们何不开瓶香槟酒庆祝一下呢?

cement [si'ment] **n.** 水泥; 胶粘剂 **vt.** 粘接; 巩固

④ concrete pavement is sometimes referred to as cement

⑥ The sack of cement hit the ground with a thump.水泥袋砰的一声落在地上。

centigrade ['sentigreid] **n./a.** 摄氏温度(的); 百分度的

④ of or relating to a temperature scale on which the freezing point of water is 0 degrees and the boiling point of water is 100 degrees

⑥ The animal's temperature drops to just over zero centigrade, and its heart beats very slowly.动物的体温降到刚好在零摄氏度以上, 心脏跳动非常缓慢。

ceremony ['seriməni] **n.** 典礼, 仪式; 礼节, 礼仪

④ a formal event performed on a special occasion ⑤ ceremonial, ceremonial occasion

⑥ All the local clergy attended the ceremony.当地所有的牧师出席了仪式。

certificate [sə'tifikit] **n.** 证(明)书; 单据

④ a document attesting to the truth of certain stated facts ⑤ certification, credentials

⑥ June is as proud as a peacock after winning her first swimming certificate.

琼自从获得了第一游泳证书后非常骄傲, 瞧不起人。

challenge ['tʃælindʒ] **vt.** 向...挑战; 公然反对, 反抗; 对...质疑, 对...怀疑

④ issue a challenge to; take exception to ⑤ dispute, gainsay

⑥ They had challenged and beaten the best team in the world.他们曾向世界上最强的球队挑战并将他们打败。

characteristic [.kæriktə'ristik] **n.** 特征, 特性 **a.** 特有的, 典型的

④ a prominent aspect of something ⑤ feature

⑥ The long nose on these dogs is an, inbred characteristic.

这些狗的长鼻子是同系交配的特点。

charge [tʃɑ:dʒ] **v.** 索价; 控告; 充电; 管理 **n.** (pl.) 费用; 指控; 充电, 电荷; 照顾

④ (criminal law) a pleading describing some wrong or offense ⑤ complaint

⑥ He became his uncle's charge after his parents died. 他在父母去世后, 由叔父抚养。

charm [tʃɑ:m] **n.** 魔力, 魅力, 护身符, 小饰物 **vt.** 吸引, 使...迷醉

④ attract; cause to be enamored ⑤ capture, catch, becharm, captivate

⑨ I shall be charmed to see you tomorrow. 我真希望明天能见到你。

chase [tʃeɪs] vt./n. 追猎, 追赶

④ go after with the intent to catch ⑤ chase after, trail, tail, tag, give chase, go after, track

⑨ Why do modern people chase material possessions? 为什么现在的人追求物质财富?

check [tʃek] vt. 检查, 核对; 制止 n. 检查, 核对; 支票; 帐单; 方格图案

④ examine so as to determine accuracy, quality, or condition ⑤ check up on, look into

⑨ The plumber made a careful check of the pipes. 管子工对管道做了仔细的检查。

chief [tʃi:f] a. 首要的, 主要的; 为首的, 总的 n. 领袖, 首领, 长官; 头目, 酋长

④ most important element ⑤ main, primary, principal

⑨ His nomination as chief executive was approved by the board.

他被提名为行政总裁的事被董事会批准了。

chill [tʃil] n. 寒冷, 寒意, 失意, 恐惧 vt. 使... 寒心, 寒冷, 使... 惊恐, 使泄气

④ coldness due to a cold environment ⑤ iciness, gelidity

⑨ There was a chill in the air this morning. 今天早上有点冷冰冰的。

circulate ['sə:kjuleɪt] v. 循环; 流通; 流传

④ become widely known and passed on ⑤ go around, spread

⑨ The news of her death circulated quickly. 她死去的消息迅速传开。

circumstance ['sə:kəmstəns] n. (常 pl.) 情况, 条件, 环境, 情形; (pl.) 境况; 详情, 事实

④ a condition that accompanies or influences some event or activity

⑨ He was forced by the circumstances to do this. 他做此事是为环境所迫。

civilization [.sɪvɪlaɪ'zeɪʃən] n. 文明, 文化; 开化

④ a society in an advanced state of social development (e.g., with complex legal and political and religious organizations) ⑤ civilisation

⑨ The ancient Egyptians had advanced civilization. 古埃及人曾经拥有高度文明。

claim [kleɪm] vt. 对... 提出要求, 索取; 声称, 主张; 索赔; n. 要求, 索赔; 声称, 断言

④ assert or affirm strongly; state to be true or existing

⑨ The matter claimed our serious attention. 这件事需要我们认真注意。

classical ['klæsɪkəl] a. 经典的, 古典的

④ of or characteristic of a form or system felt to be of first significance before modern times ⑤ Beethoven is regarded as one of the immortals of classical music.

贝多芬被认为是不朽的古典音乐大师。

classify ['klæsɪfaɪ] vt. 把... 分等级; 分类

④ arrange or order by classes or categories ⑤ class, sort, assort, sort out, separate

⑨ Would you classify her novels as serious literature or other?

你认为她的小说属于文学类, 还是其它类?

client ['klaɪənt] n. 委托人; 顾客

④ a person who seeks the advice of a lawyer; someone who pays for goods or services

⑤ customer

⑨ The manager said (that) he believed (that) the client would come next week.

经理说他相信客户下周会来的。

clue [klu:] n. 线索; 思路; 暗示

④ a slight indication ⑤ hint

⑨ Haven't a clue. 一点儿也不知道。

coarse [kɔ:s] a. 粗糙的; 粗俗的

④ lacking refinement or cultivation or taste ⑤ common, rough-cut, uncouth, vulgar

⑨ His coarse manners shocked everyone. 他的粗鲁的举止使每个人震惊。

collapse [kə'leɪps] v./n. 倒塌; 崩溃; (价格) 暴跌; 倒闭, 破产

④ break down, literally or metaphorically ④ fall in, cave in, give, give way, break

⑤ The whole building collapsed. 整个建筑倒塌了。

colleague ['kɒli:g] n. 同事, 同僚

④ an associate you work with ④ co-worker, fellow worker, workfellow

⑤ I headed him off quarreling with his colleague. 我阻止他和他的同事发生争吵。

collective [kə'lektiv] a. 集体的; 共同的 n. 集体, 团体

④ done by or characteristic of individuals acting together ④ corporate

⑤ Have you any excuse to offer for frequent absence from collective practice?

你经常不参加集体训练有什么理由解释吗?

combine [kəm'beɪn] v. 结合; 化合

④ put or add together ④ compound

⑤ Two atoms of hydrogen combine with one atom of oxygen to form a molecule of water. 两个氢原子和一个氧原子结合而成一个水分子。

command [kə'mɑ:nd] v. 命令, 指挥 n. 命令; 掌握, 运用能力

④ be in command of

⑤ The general commanded his men to attack the city. 将军下令部下攻城。

comment ['kɒment] n./vi. 评论, 意见; 注释

④ a statement that expresses a personal opinion or belief ④ remark

⑤ The Prime Minister was not available for comment. 首相无暇作出评论。

commercial [kə'mə:ʃəl] a. 商业的, 商务性的; 商品化的 n. 商业广告

④ connected with or engaged in or sponsored by or used in commerce or commercial enterprises ⑤

Commercial television is an effective medium for advertising.

商业电视是有效的广告宣传工具。

commission [kə'miʃən] n. 委任状; 授权, 委托; 佣金, 回扣; 委员会 vt. 委托, 委任

④ a special group delegated to consider some matter ④ committee

⑤ I got flu and was out of commission for a week. 我得了流感, 一星期没工作。

commit [kə'mit] vt. 犯(错、罪); (oneself)使承担义务; (to)把...交托给, 把...提交给

④ perform an act, usually with a negative connotation ④ perpetrate, pull

⑤ One cannot commit crimes with impunity. 一个人不能犯了罪不受惩罚。

committee [kə'miti] n. 委员会, 全体委员

④ a special group delegated to consider some matter ④ commission

⑤ There was a clash of wills among committee members. 委员们意愿不一, 发生了冲突。

commodity [kə'mɒditi] n. 日用品; 商品

④ articles of commerce ④ trade good, good

⑤ May be the season for this commodity on our market.

五月份是这种商品在我方市场上销售的季节。

communicate [kə'mju:nikeɪt] v. 交流, 交际; 传播; 通信联络

④ transmit information ④ pass on, pass, pass along, put across

⑤ I like to communicate with my family. 我喜欢和我的家人沟通。

community [kə'mju:niti] n. 社区, 社会; 团体, 共同体; (动植物的)群落

④ a group of people living in a particular local area

⑤ More state help is needed for the disadvantaged sections of the community.

国家需要向社区的贫困阶层提供更多救济。

company ['kʌmpəni] n. 公司; 陪伴; 客人; 连(队), (一)群, (一)伙

④ an institution created to conduct business; the state of being with someone

④ companionship, fellowship, society

⑤ I work in a small company. 我在一间小公司工作。 I hate going out alone: I take my daughter for company.

我不愿独自一人出门，带女儿作个伴。

compare [kəm'pɛə] v.比较；把...比作

① examine and note the similarities or differences of

② I compared the copy with the original, but there was not much difference.

我比较了复印件和原件，但是差别不是很大。

compel [kəm'pel] vt.强迫

① force or compel somebody to do something ② oblige, obligate

③ His cleverness and skill compel our admiration.他的聪明和技巧使我们赞叹不已。

compensate ['kɒmpenseɪt] v.(损坏)赔偿，补偿；抵消

① make amends for; pay compensation for ② recompense, repair, indemnify

③ Who will compensate for the losses? 谁将赔偿损失？

compete [kəm'pi:t] vi.比赛；竞争

① compete for something; engage in a contest; measure oneself against others

② vie, contend ③ Companies must be able to compete in the market-place.

公司一定要在商品交易中有竞争力。

complaint [kəm'pleɪnt] n.抱怨，诉苦；申诉；疾病

① an often persistent bodily disorder or disease; a cause for complaining ② ailment, ill

③ You have no real grounds for complaint.你没有真正的理由发牢骚。

complex ['kɒmpleks] a.复杂的，难懂的；综合的 n.综合企业，综合体；情节

① complicated in structure; consisting of interconnected parts

② It's a complex question and her answer was too pat.

那问题很复杂，但她的回答简直是脱口而出。

complicated ['kɒmplikeɪtɪd] a.复杂的，难懂的其

① difficult to analyze or understand

② Why does he have to wrap it all up in such complicated language?

他为什么非得用这么艰深的语言说话呢？

compose [kəm'pəʊz] v.由...组成；写作，作曲；使平静，使镇静

① form the substance of

② He was composing at the piano at the age of seven.他7岁时就会钢琴作曲。

compound ['kɒmpaʊnd, kəm'paʊnd] a.复合的；合成的 n.化合物；复合词(句) vt.使恶化，加重；使化合，使合成

① consisting of two or more substances or ingredients or elements or parts

② Air is a mixture, not a compound of gases.空气是气体的混合物，不是化合物。

comprehensive [ˌkɒmpri'hensɪv] a.综合的，广泛的；有理解力的，理解的

① including all or everything

② He was educated at the local comprehensive school.他曾在地区的综合中学受教育。

compress [kəm'pres] vt.压缩，浓缩；摘要叙述

① make more compact by or as if by pressing ② compact, pack together

③ It is impossible to compress the story of the First World War into a few pages.

把第一次世界大战的事缩写成几页是不可能的。

compromise ['kɒmprəmaɪz] n./vi.妥协，折衷 vt.危及，放弃(原则，理想等)

① make a compromise; arrive at a compromise

② I wanted to go to Greece, and my wife wanted to go to Spain, so we compromised on Italy.我想去希腊，可我妻子想去西班牙，于是我们折衷了一下，去意大利。

conceal [kən'si:l] v.隐藏，隐瞒；对...保密

① prevent from being seen or discovered ② hide

③ He couldn't conceal his envy of me/envy at my success.

他遮掩不住对我的忌妒（对我的成就的忌妒）。

concentrate ['kɒnsentreit] v.集中，专心；浓缩

④ direct one's attention on something ⑤ focus, center, centre, pore, rivet

⑥ I can't concentrate on my work when I'm tired.我累了就无法集中精力工作。

concern [kən'sɜ:n] n.关系；关心；有关系的事；公司，商号 vt.涉及；使担心，使挂念

④ have to do with or be relevant to ⑤ refer, pertain, relate, come to, bear on, touch on

⑥ These problems concern all of us.这些问题影响到我们每一个人。

concrete ['kɒkri:t] a.具体的，实质性的 n.混凝土 vt.用混凝土修筑，浇混凝土

④ capable of being perceived by the senses; not abstract or imaginary

⑥ Have you any concrete thoughts on how to deal with this difficulty?

处理这种困难你有什么具体的想法？

condemn [kən'dem] vt.谴责；宣判

④ express strong disapproval of ⑤ reprobate, decry

⑥ We condemned him for his bad conduct.我们谴责他行为不检点。

condense [kən'dens] v.凝结；压缩；精简

④ undergo condensation; change from a gaseous to a liquid state and fall in drops

⑤ distill ⑥ Steam condenses into water when cooling down.蒸汽冷却时凝结成水。

conduct [kən'dʌkt] n.举止，行为 v.处理；引导；导电，传热

④ direct the course of; manage or control ⑤ carry on, deal

⑥ I think he conducted himself admirably, considering the difficult circumstances.

考虑到那种困难的情况，我认为他的表现令人钦佩。

confess [kən'fes] v.承认，坦白；忏悔

④ confess to a punishable or reprehensible deed, usually under pressure ⑤ squeal, shrive, fink ⑥ The priest confessed the young man.神父听取那个青年的忏悔。

confidence ['kɒnfɪdəns] n.信任，信心；秘密，机密

④ freedom from doubt; belief in yourself and your abilities ⑤ assurance, self-assurance

⑥ He possesses the quality of inspiring confidence.他有本事能让别人信任他。

confident ['kɒnfɪdənt] a.有信心的，自信的；确信的，肯定的

④ having or marked by confidence or assurance

⑥ Is it difficult to feel at home in (ie confident when using) a foreign language?

精通一门外语难不难？

confirm [kən'fə:m] vt.证实，肯定；进一步证实(确定)；批准；使更坚固，使更坚定

④ establish or strengthen as with new evidence or facts ⑤ substantiate, support, affirm

⑥ The news confirmed my resolution.这消息加强了我的心。

conflict ['kɒnflikt] n.抵触；争执；冲突 vi.冲突，抵触

④ an open clash between two opposing groups (or individuals) ⑤ struggle, battle

⑥ Something is bound to happen one way or another to end the conflict or solve the problem.事情一定以某种方式发生以结束冲突或解决难题。

confront [kən'frʌnt] v.迎面遇到，遭遇；勇敢地面对，正视；使对质，使当面对证

④ oppose, as in hostility or a competition ⑤ face

⑥ They confronted the prisoner with his accusers.他们让犯人与原告对质。

confuse [kən'fju:z] vt.搞乱，使混乱；使困惑，把...弄糊涂；混淆，把...混同

④ mistake one thing for another ⑤ confound

⑥ They asked so many questions that they confused me.

他们问了许多问题，把我弄糊涂了。

Congress ['kɒŋɡres] n.(代表)大会，正式会议；国会

④ the legislature of the United States government

⑨ The American Congress corresponds to the British Parliament.

美国的国会相当于英国的议会。

conquer ['kɒŋkə] vt. 征服; 战胜, 克服(困难、恶习等), 破处(坏习惯等)

⑩ to put down by force or authority ⑪ suppress, stamp down, inhibit

⑫ He set out to conquer the literary world of London. 他决心赢得伦敦文学界的赞誉。

conscience ['kɒnʃəns] n. 良心, 良知, 责任心

⑬ motivation deriving logically from ethical or moral principles that govern a person's thoughts and actions

⑭ moral sense, sense of right and wrong

⑮ She was afflicted with conscience. 她受良心责备。

conscious ['kɒnʃəs] a. 有意识的; 头脑清醒的; 自觉的

⑯ intentionally conceived ⑰ witting

⑱ He was conscious of his guilt. 他自知有罪。

consent [kən'sent] vi./n. 同意; 答应

⑲ give an affirmative reply to; respond favorably to ⑳ accept, go for

㉑ Her father reluctantly consented to the marriage. 她父亲勉强答应了这桩婚姻。

consequence ['kɒnsɪkwəns] n. 后果, 影响; 重要性

㉒ a phenomenon that follows and is caused by some previous phenomenon ⑳ effect, outcome, result, event, issue, upshot

㉓ It rained yesterday and in consequence the match was canceled.

昨天下雨了, 结果比赛被取消。

conservative [kən'sə:vətɪv] a. 保守的 n. 保守的人; 保守派

㉔ resistant to change ㉕ His views lack consistency: one day he's a conservative, the next he's a liberal. 他的观点缺乏一贯性: 时而保守, 时而开明。

considerate [kən'sɪdərɪt] a. 考虑周到的; 体谅的

㉖ showing concern for the rights and feelings of others

㉗ You might be a thought more considerate of other people. 你该多想著点儿别人。

consist [kən'sɪst] vi. 由...组成; 存在于; 与...一致

㉘ be composed of ㉙ comprise

㉚ Health does not consist with intemperance. 健康和酗酒不能相容。

consolidate [kən'sɒlɪdeɪt] v. 使加固, 使加强; (把...) 联为一体, 合并

㉛ make firm or secure; strengthen

㉜ He bribes his leader to consolidate his position. 他贿赂他的领导来巩固他的地位。

constant ['kɒnstənt] a. 始终如一的; 经常的; 不变的, 固定的 n. 常数, 恒量

㉝ persistent in occurrence and unvarying in nature ⑳ changeless, invariant, unvarying

㉞ This has been a timely reminder of the need for constant care.

这件事适时地提醒我们要注意时时谨慎。

constitution [.kɒnstɪ'tju:ʃən] n. 宪法; 体质; 构成

㉟ law determining the fundamental political principles of a government ⑳ fundamental law, organic law

㊱ The country's constitution embodies the ideals of freedom and equality.

这个国家的宪法体现了自由和平等的理想。

consult [kən'sʌlt] vt. 商量; 请教, 找...商议; 参考(地图), 查看(词典)

㊲ get or ask advice from ⑳ confer with

㊳ You had better consult a doctor soon. 你最好快点去看医生。

consume [kən'sju:m] vt. 消耗, 消费; 吃完, 喝光; 使着迷, 充满

㊴ eat immoderately ⑳ devour, down, go through

㊵ Each year Americans consume a high percentage of the world's energy.

每年美国人都消耗掉世界能源的很大比例

consumption [kən'sʌmpʃən] n.消耗; 消费; 消费量

① the process of taking food into the body through the mouth (as by eating) ② ingestion, intake, uptake

③ The meat was condemned as unfit for human consumption.

这种肉已宣布不适宜人们食用。

contact ['kɒntækt] n.接触, 联系 vt.接触, 联系

① be in or establish communication with ② reach, get through, get hold of

③ For further information, contact your local agent.

要进一步了解情况, 请与本地代理商联系。

contain [kən'tein] vt.包含, 容纳; 等于, 相等于; 控制, 抑制

① include or contain; have as a component ② incorporate, comprise

③ Try to contain your anger! 设法抑制你的怒火!

contemporary [kən'tempərəri] a.当代的; 同时代的 n.同时代人, 同辈

① characteristic of the present ② modern-day

③ My parents think that the contemporary young people have no respect for authority.

我父母认为现在的年轻人不尊重权威。

content ['kɒntent, kən'tent] n.含量; (pl.)所容纳的东西; 内容, 目录; 满足, 满意 a.满足的, 满意的 vt.使满足, 使满意

① satisfy in a limited way ② We can't go abroad this year, so we'll have to content ourselves with a holiday in Shanghai. 今年我们不能出国, 所以只能去上海度假了。

contest ['kɒntest, kən'test] v./n.比赛, 竞争; 争论, 争辩

① to make the subject of dispute, contention, or litigation ② contend, repugn

③ The lawyer contested the claim, and tried to prove that it was false.

律师对那个要求提出异议, 并力图证明它是一种无理的要求。

continual [kən'tɪnjuəl] a.连续不断的; 频繁的

① seemingly without interruption; chiefly restricted to what recurs regularly or frequently in a prolonged and closely spaced series

③ Her proposal met with continual rejections. 她的建议一再遭到拒绝。

contract ['kɒntrækt, kən'trækt] n.合同, 契约; 包工 v.订合同; 缩短, 缩写

① enter into a contractual arrangement ② undertake

③ The city contracted for a library with their firm.

市政当局和他们公司订立了修建图书馆的合同。

contradiction [.kɒntrə'dɪkʃən] n.矛盾; 反驳

① opposition between two conflicting forces or ideas

③ He will permit no contradiction. 他决不允许有异议。

contribute [kən'tribju:t] v.贡献出; 投稿; 有助于

① bestow a quality on ② lend, impart, add, bring

③ It was generous of her to contribute such a large sum. 她很大方, 捐助了这么大笔钱。

convenience [kən'vi:njəns] n.便利, 方便; (pl.)便利设施, 方便的用具

① the state of being suitable or opportune

③ Please deliver the goods at your earliest convenience. 请尽早送货。

convention [kən'venʃən] n.公约; 习俗; 大会

① something regarded as a normative example ② normal, pattern, rule, formula

③ Convention requires that such meetings open with prayer.

惯例上要求这样的集会应当以祈祷开始。

conventional [kən'venʃənl] a.惯例的, 常规的; 传统的, 规范的

① following accepted customs and proprieties

③ According to conventional wisdom, voters usually make their choice on the basis of domestic issues. 按一

般人在这些问题上的看法，选民常着眼于国内问题来选候选人。

convert ['kɒnvə:t, kən'və:t] vt.使转变，使转化；使...改变信仰

⑤ change the nature, purpose, or function of something

⑥ The solar cell can convert the energy of sunlight into electric energy.太阳能电池能把阳光的能量转化为电能。

convey [kən'vei] vt.搬运，运送(旅客、货物等)；传达(消息，思想等)；传播(声音等)

⑤ make known; pass on, of information ⑥ impart

⑦ A vibrating membrane (薄膜) in the ear helps to convey sounds to the brain.耳膜的振动帮助声音传送到大脑。

convince [kən'vins] vt.使信服，使确信

⑤ make (someone) agree, understand, or realize the truth or validity of something

⑥ convert, win over

⑦ He convinced me of his sincerity.他使我确信他的真诚。

cooperate [kəu'ɒpəreit] vt.合作，协作；相配合

⑤ work together on a common enterprise or project ⑥ join forces, get together

⑦ I advise you not to cooperate with that deceitful businessman.我建议你不要和那个不诚实的商人合作。

coordinate [kəu'ɔ:dneit, kəu'ɔ:dnit] vt.协调，调节 a.同等的，等位的

⑤ bring order and organization to ⑥ organize, organise

⑦ He is an excellent athlete; all his movements are perfectly coordinated.他是个优秀的运动员，他所有的动作都非常协调。

cope [kəʊp] vi.对付；妥善处理

⑤ come to terms or deal successfully with ⑥ make out, make do, contend, deal, manage

⑦ How do you cope with the problem of poor vision? 怎样解决视力不好这一难题呢?

correspond [.kɒris'pɒnd] vi.符合；相当于；通信

⑤ be compatible, similar or consistent; coincide in their characteristics ⑥ match, fit, agree

⑦ We've corresponded (with each other) (ie written to each other) for years but I've never actually met him.我们已(互相)通信多年了，可是我从没见过他本人。

corrupt [kə'rʌpt] a.腐败的，贪赃舞弊的 v.腐蚀；使堕落

⑤ corrupt morally or by intemperance or sensuality ⑥ demoralize, misdirect

⑦ Bad habit corrupt good manners.坏习惯败坏好风俗。

costly ['kɒstli] a.昂贵的；代价高的

⑤ entailing great loss or sacrifice ⑥ dearly-won

⑦ The castle will undergo extensive and costly renovations.

那城堡要用巨资进行全面整修。

counter ['kauntə] n.计算器；柜台 a./ad.相反的 v.对抗，反驳

⑤ table consisting of a horizontal surface over which business is transacted

⑦ He placed the money on the counter.他把钱放在柜台上。

course [kɔ:s] n.课程；过程；一道菜；课程，教程；行动方针，做法

⑤ education imparted in a series of lessons or meetings ⑥ course of study, class

⑦ Events took their natural course.事态依自然进程发展。

court [kɔ:t] n.法院；院子；球场；宫廷，朝廷

⑤ an assembly (including one or more judges) to conduct judicial business

⑦ The court found him guilty.法官判他有罪。

crash [kræʃ] v.倒下，碰撞，坠落；发出撞击声；垮台，破产 n.轰隆声，哗啦声；飞机坠毁声

⑤ fall or come down violently

⑦ The rocks crashed (down) onto the car.岩石轰隆一声砸在汽车上。

- credit** ['kredit] **n.**信用, 信任; 信用贷款, 赊欠; 声望, 名誉; 光荣, 功劳; 学分 **vt.**信用, 信任; 把...记入贷方; 把...归于
- ① approval ② recognition
 - ③ She was given the credit for what I had done.事情是我做的, 她却受到称赞。
- criminal** ['kriminəl] **n.**罪犯, 刑事犯 **a.**犯罪的, 刑事的
- ① someone who has committed (or been legally convicted of) a crime ② outlaw
 - ③ The criminal was convicted of murder.歹徒被判谋杀罪。
- critical** ['kritikəl] **a.**决定性的, 关键性的; 批评的, 批判的; 危急的, 紧要的
- ① marked by a tendency to find and call attention to errors and flaws
 - ③ The inquiry was critical of her work.该项调查对她的工作提出了批评。
- crude** [kru:d] **a.**粗野的; 天然的; 生的, 未熟的
- ① not carefully or expertly made ② rough
 - ③ It was crude of him to say that.他那样说太粗鲁了。
- cruel** ['kru:əl] **a.**残酷的, 残忍的
- ① (of persons or their actions) able or disposed to inflict pain or suffering
 - ② barbarous, brutal, fell, roughshod, savage, vicious
 - ③ His cruel remarks cut me deeply.他那无情的话太伤我的心了。
- crush** [kraʃ] **v.**压碎; 镇压
- ① come down on or keep down by unjust use of one's authority ② oppress, suppress
 - ③ Her refusal crushed all our hopes.她一拒绝, 我的希望就全都破灭了。
- cultivate** ['kʌltiveit] **vt.**耕作; 栽培; 培养
- ① foster the growth of
 - ③ We must cultivate our own garden and find the joy of doing it in our own heart.
我们都要做好自己工作, 并且要在工作找到精神上的乐趣。
- cunning** ['kʌniŋ] **a.**狡猾的, 狡诈的
- ① shrewdness as demonstrated by being skilled in deception ② craft, slyness, wiliness
 - ③ The fox is known for its cleverness and cunning.狐狸的机敏和狡猾是人所共知的。
- cupboard** ['kʌbəəd] **n.**碗橱
- ① a small room (or recess) or cabinet used for storage space ② closet
 - ③ My stationery cupboard is full of paper.我的文具柜塞满了纸。
- curb** [kə:b] **n.**场外证券市场, 场外交易 **vt.**制止, 抑制
- ① an edge between a sidewalk and a roadway consisting of a line of curbstones (usually forming part of a gutter)
 - ③ Pull over the curb.靠路边停车
- cure** [kjʊə] **vt.**纠正; 治愈 **n.**治愈; 疗法, 良药
- ① provide a cure for, make healthy again ② bring around, heal
 - ③ That nasty shock cured him of his inquisitiveness for ever.
那一沉重教训根除了他凡事爱打听的毛病。
- curiosity** [.kjuəri'ɒsiti] **n.**好奇, 好奇心; 古董, 奇物, 古玩
- ① a state in which you want to learn more about something ② wonder
 - ③ The child showed a healthy curiosity.那孩子有好奇心, 这是好现象。
- currency** ['kʌrənsi] **n.**货币; 通用, 流通
- ① the metal or paper medium of exchange that is presently used
 - ③ There are currency restrictions on the sums allowed for foreign travel.
到国外旅行允许携带的款额有所限制。
- cycle** ['saikl] **n.**周期; 循环; 自行(摩托)车 **vi.**骑车; 循环
- ① an interval during which a recurring sequence of events occurs ② rhythm, round

⑨ Her latest stunt is riding a motor cycle through a ring of flames.

她的最新特技表演是骑摩托车钻火圈。

damage ['dæmɪdʒ] **n.** 损害, 毁坏; (**pl.**) 损害赔偿费 **vt.** 损害, 损伤

⑩ the occurrence of a change for the worse ⑪ harm, impairment

⑫ The store owner received satisfaction for the damage. 店主收到了对损坏的赔偿。

dash [dæʃ] **v.** 猛冲, 飞奔; 浇, 泼, 溅 **n.** 猛冲, 突进; 破折号

⑬ run or move very quickly or hastily ⑭ flash, shoot

⑮ She dashed off a letter to her mother. 她给母亲匆匆写了一封信。

deadly ['dedli] **a.** 致命的, 致死的; 不共戴天的, 殊死的; 非常的, 极度的 **ad.** 死一般的; 非常地, 极度地

⑯ causing or capable of causing death ⑰ deathly, mortal

⑱ The conference was deadly dull. 会议开得死气沉沉的。

dealer ['di:lə] **n.** 买卖人, 商人; 经销商, 证券商

⑲ someone who purchases and maintains an inventory of goods to be sold ⑳ trader

㉑ She's now firmly established (in business) as an art dealer.

她已稳固地奠定了艺术品商的地位。

debate [di'beit] **n./v.** 讨论; 辩论

㉒ a discussion in which reasons are advanced for and against some proposition or proposal ⑳ argument, argumentation

㉓ Her resignation caused much public debate. 她辞职一事引起群众议论纷纷。

deceive [di'si:v] **v.** 欺骗, 蒙骗

㉔ be false to; be dishonest with ㉕ lead on, delude

㉖ It's not honorable to deceive them. 欺骗他们是不光彩的。

decent ['di:snt] **a.** 正派的; 体面的, 得体的; 宽厚的, 大方的

㉗ socially or conventionally correct; refined or virtuous ㉘ nice

㉙ The lack of decent public transport is a great disadvantage.

没有适当的公共交通工具是很不方便的。

decline [di'klaɪn] **vt./vi.** 拒绝, 谢绝; 下降, 太阳落山; 衰退, 衰落 **n.** 下降, 减少, 衰弱

㉚ change toward something smaller or lower ㉛ diminution

㉜ She is on the decline, and may die soon. 她的健康每况愈下, 可能不久于人世。

decorate ['dekəreit] **vt.** 装饰, 装潢

㉝ make more attractive by adding ornament, colour, etc.

㉞ adorn, grace, ornament, embellish, beautify

㉟ Several soldiers were decorated for bravery. 数名士兵因英勇而受嘉奖。

decrease ['di:kri:s, di:'kri:s] **v./n.** 减少, 减小

㊱ decrease in size, extent, or range ㊲ diminish, lessen, fall

㊳ They are making further efforts to decrease military spending.

他们正在做进一步的努力来减少军费开支。

deduct [di'dʌkt] **v.** 扣除; 减去 **v.** 不履行, 不负责任; 缺席, 不到案; 拖欠债务

㊴ make a subtraction ㊵ subtract, take off

㊶ Nowadays income tax is normally deducted from a person's wages.

现在, 所得税通常是在发工资前就已经扣除了。

defect [di'fekt] **n.** 缺点 (**pl.**) 不合格品 **vi.** 背叛

㊷ a failing or deficiency ㊸ shortcoming

㊹ The new car had to be withdrawn from the market because of a mechanical defect.

那种新汽车因有机械缺陷只好撤出市场。

deficit ['defisit] **n.** 亏空, 亏损; 赤字, 逆差

㊺ the property of being an amount by which something is less than expected or required ㊻ shortage,

shortfall

⑨ The current trade deficit indicates a serious imbalance between our import and export trade.当前的贸易赤字表明我们的进出口贸易严重失调。

define [di'fain] vt.解释(定义), 下定义; 规定

⑩ give a definition for the meaning of a word

⑪ Definitions should not be more difficult to understand than the words they define.

词语的定义不应比所解释的词语更难理解。

definite ['definit] a.明确的, 确定的; 一定的, 肯定的; 限定的

⑩ precise; explicit and clearly defined

⑪ You have our definite support.我们绝对支持您。

delay [di'lei] n./v.推迟, 延误, 耽搁

⑩ cause to be slowed down or delayed ⑪ detain, hold up

⑪ Our plane was delayed by fog.我们的飞机因大雾而误点了。

delegate ['deligit] n. 代表 vt. 派...为代表, 委派 vi. 委派, 授权

⑩ transfer power to someone ⑪ depute

⑪ The new manager was delegated to reorganize the department.

派这位新经理重新组织该部门。

delicate ['delikit] a.娇嫩的; 精细的; 微妙的; 易碎的, 脆弱的

⑩ exquisitely fine and subtle and pleasing; susceptible to injury

⑪ She wears a dress with delicate lace.她穿了一件带有精致花边的裙子。

delicious [di'liʃəs] a.美味的, 芬芳的; 怡人的, 有趣的

⑩ greatly pleasing or entertaining ⑪ delightful

⑪ The taste of eel is delicious.鳗鱼的味道很好。

delight [di'lait] v.使欣喜, 使高兴 n.快乐, 高兴; 使人高兴的东西(人)

⑩ give pleasure to or be pleasing to ⑪ please

⑪ He delighted the audience with his performance.他用他的表演使观众喜悦。

deliver [di'livə] vt.投递, 送交; 发表; 分娩; 给予(打击等); 解救, 拯救

⑩ deliver (a speech, oration, or idea) ⑪ present

⑪ They prayed to God to deliver them from danger.他们祈求上帝拯救他们于危险中。

demand [di'mɑ:nd] vt./n.要求; 需要; 询问, 查询

⑩ the ability and desire to purchase goods and services

⑪ Good secretaries are always in demand.好的秘书总是很多人都需要的。

democracy [di'mɒkrəsi] n.民主政治, 民主主义的; 民主国家; 民主, 民主制

⑩ the political orientation of those who favor government by the people or by their elected representatives

⑪ The election demonstrates democracy in action.这次选举是以实际行动体现了民主。

demonstrate ['deməstreit] v.证明; 演示; 示威游行; 现实, 表露

⑩ show or demonstrate something to an interested audience ⑪ show, exhibit, present

⑪ She demonstrated that 2 and 2 are four.她证明 2 加 2 等于四。

dense [dens] a.密的, 密集的; 密度大的

⑩ permitting little if any light to pass through because of denseness of matter ⑪ heavy

⑪ A dense mass of black hair framed his face.浓密的黑发衬托著他的面庞。

deny [di'nai] vt.否认; 拒绝

⑩ declare untrue; contradict

⑪ No one can deny the fact that fire burns.无人能否认火能燃烧的事实。

depart [di'pɑ:t] vi.离开, 出发; 背离, 违反

⑩ move away from a place into another direction ⑪ go, go away

⑪ Misfortunes come on wings and depart on foot.(谚)祸来如飞行, 祸去似步行。

dependent [di'pendənt] a. 依靠的, 依赖的; 随...而定的, 由...决定的

④ not independent

⑤ The country's economy is dependent on tourism. 该国经济依赖于旅游业

deposit [di'pɒzɪt] vt. 使沉淀, 使沉积; 存放, 寄放; 储蓄 n. 存款; 押金; 沉淀

④ fix, force, or implant ⑤ lodge, wedge, stick

⑥ The Nile floods the fields and deposits mud on them.

尼罗河泛滥, 在田野上淤积一层泥。

depress [di'pres] vt. 使...沮丧, 按, 压抑, 降低

④ lower someone's spirits; make downhearted ⑤ cast down, get down, dismay, dispirit

⑥ The thought of having to take the exam again depressed me.

想到还需重新考试, 我就感到沮丧。

deprive [di'praɪv] vi. 剥夺, 使丧失

④ take away possessions from someone ⑤ strip, divest

⑥ If you do not drive carefully, I shall be obliged to deprive you of your licence.

如果您不谨慎驾驶, 我将不得不没收您的执照。

derive [di'raɪv] v. 从...得到; 起源, 源自

④ reason by deduction; establish by deduction ⑤ deduce, infer, deduct

⑥ This English word derives from French. 这个英语字源于法语。

desert ['dezət, di'zə:t] n. 沙漠 vt. 遗弃; 擅自离开

④ leave someone who needs or counts on you; leave in the lurch ⑤ abandon, desolate

⑥ The guard deserted his post. 卫兵擅自离开了他的岗位。

deserve [di'zə:v] vt. 应受; 值得

④ be worthy or deserving ⑤ merit

⑥ He deserved to be punished. 他应当受到惩罚。

design [di'zeɪn] v. 设计, 构思; 预定, 指定 n. 设计, 构思; 图谋, 企图; 图样, 图案

④ make or work out a plan for; devise ⑤ plan, project, contrive

⑥ The route was designed to relieve traffic congestion. 这条路为缓解交通拥挤而开辟。

desirable [di'zaɪərəbl] a. 值得拥有的, 值得向往的; 有利的, 可取的

④ worth having or seeking or achieving

⑥ It is desirable that atomic energy should be used for peaceful purpose.

原子能应该为了和平的目的而使用, 这是合乎情理的。

desperate ['despərɪt] a. (因绝望而)不顾一切的, 孤注一掷的; 绝望的, 危急的; 极向往的, 极需要的

④ arising from or marked by despair or loss of hope ⑤ despairing

⑥ If foreign aid dries up the situation will be desperate. 若外援枯竭, 形势将极为严重。

destruction [di'strʌkʃən] n. 破坏; 消灭

④ the termination of something by causing so much damage to it that it cannot be repaired or no longer exists ⑤ devastation

⑥ We all mourn the destruction of a well-loved building.

我们都为毁掉心爱的建筑物而痛惜。

detect [di'tekt] vt. 察觉, 发现; 侦察, 探测

④ discover or determine the existence, presence, or fact of ⑤ observe, discover, notice

⑥ Do I detect a tinge of irony? 我觉得这话有点儿像反话吧?

determine [di'tə:mɪn] v. 决定, 决心要; 确定, 限定

④ establish after a calculation, investigation, experiment, survey, or study

⑤ find, find out, ascertain

⑥ The exam results could determine your career. 考试成绩可能会决定你的前途。

devote [di'vəʊt] vt. 将...奉献给; 把...专用于

④ give entirely to a specific person, activity, or cause ⑤ give, dedicate, commit

⑥ The noblest ideal to which one can devote oneself is Communism.

能为之献身的最高理想是共产主义。

dictation [dik'teɪʃən] n.口授笔录; 听写

④ an authoritative direction or instruction to do something ⑤ command, bid, bidding

⑥ I hated it if I ever had to take dictation from him.

如果我总是不得不作他的口授记录员, 我会感到讨厌的

digest [dai'dʒest] vt.消化(食物); 领会 n.文摘, 摘要

④ convert food into absorbable substances

⑥ This rich food doesn't digest easily.这种油腻的食物不易消化。

diligent ['dɪlɪdʒənt] a.勤奋的, 用功的

④ quietly and steadily persevering especially in detail or exactness ⑤ persevering

⑥ In comparison with other students, Mike is more diligent.

和其他学生相比, 麦克更加勤勉一些。

disappoint [ˌdɪsə'pɔɪnt] vt.使失望, 使扫兴; 使计划受挫折, 使落空

④ fail to meet the hopes or expectations of ⑤ let down

⑥ The result disappointed him.结果使他失望。

disaster [di'zɑːstə] n.灾难, 天灾; 彻底的失败

④ a state of extreme (usually irremediable) ruin and misfortune ⑤ catastrophe

⑥ They had led the country into economic disaster.他们把国家带入了经济灾难中。

discharge [dis'tʃɑːdʒ] vt.允许...离开, 释放, 解雇; 放出, 排出, 发射; 释放; 卸(货), 下(车) n.放出; 排出; 放出, 放电; 卸(货), 下(客)

④ the sudden giving off of energy

⑥ They discharged their arrows at the enemy.他们把箭射向敌人。

discipline ['dɪsɪplɪn] n.训练, 训导; 纪律, 风纪; 学科; 惩罚, 处分 vt.训练; 惩罚

④ a system of rules of conduct or method of practice;

⑥ The children are happy at the school, but they lack discipline.

孩子们在学校里很快活, 但很散漫。

disclose [dis'kləʊz] vt.使显露; 揭发, 泄漏

④ make known to the public information that was previously known only to a few people or that was meant to be kept a secret ⑤ unwrap, bring out, reveal, discover, expose

⑥ The authorities finally disclosed the truth to the press.当局终于向新闻界透露了真相

discount ['diskaʊnt] n.(卖方给买方的)折扣, 折价; 贴现; 不考虑, 漠视 vt.给...打折扣; 给期票贴现; 不重视, 不理睬, 低估

④ the act of reducing the selling price of merchandise ⑤ price reduction, deduction

⑥ These goods will be sold at a discount.这些货物将减价出售。

disease [di'ziːz] n.疾病; 不健全, 弊端

④ an impairment of health or a condition of abnormal functioning

⑥ The rapid spread of the disease is alarming the medical authorities.

这种疾病的迅速蔓延使医疗当局感到忧虑不安。

disguise [dis'gaɪz] vt.化妆, 假扮; 隐瞒, 掩饰; 伪装 n.伪装, 隐瞒; 用来伪装的东西(行动)

④ make unrecognizable

⑥ She could not disguise her amusement at his mistake.他对他的错误忍俊不禁。

dismiss [dis'mɪs] vt.免职, 解雇; 解散; 不考虑; 驳回, 不受理

④ bar from attention or consideration ⑤ disregard, discount, push aside, ignore

⑥ The boss threatened to dismiss him from his job, but it's all a bluff.

老板威胁说要解雇他, 但这不过是恐吓而已。

dispute [di'spju:t] v. 争论, 辩论 n. 争论, 辩驳; 争端

⑤ take exception to ⑥ challenge

⑦ They are disputing about the rights and wrongs of the case.

他们正在激烈争论这个事件的是非曲直。

dissolve [di'zɒlv] v. 溶解; (使)融化; 解散

⑤ cause to go into a solution ⑥ resolve, break up

⑦ Ice dissolved in the warm weather. 冰在温暖的天气中溶化了。

distinct [di'stɪŋkt] a. 不同的; 明显的, 清楚的

⑤ easy to perceive; especially clearly outlined

⑦ Those two ideas are quite distinct from each other. 这两种观点截然不同。

distinguish [di'stɪŋɡwɪʃ] v. (from) 区别, 区分; 看出, 听出; (oneself) 使杰出, 使扬名

⑤ mark as different ⑥ separate, differentiate, tell, tell apart

⑦ Speeches distinguish human beings from animals. 人类和动物的区别在于人会说话。

distribute [di'strɪbjʊt] vt. (to) 分发, 分配; 分布

⑤ administer or bestow, as in small portions ⑥ administer, deal, parcel out, lot, dispense

⑦ Some types of plants are widely distributed. 有些植物分布得很广。

disturb [dis'tɜ:b] vt. 打扰; 使烦恼; 弄乱, 打乱

⑤ move deeply ⑥ upset, trouble

⑦ I didn't like (ie felt reluctant) to disturb you. 我本不想打扰你。

dividend ['dɪvɪdend] n. 红利, 股息; (pl.) 回报, 效益; 被除数

⑤ that part of the earnings of a corporation that is distributed to its shareholders; usually paid quarterly

⑦ The company declared a large dividend at the end of the year.

公司在年底宣布分发高额股息。

divorce [di'vɔ:s] n. 离婚; 分离 vt. 同...离婚; 分离, 脱离

⑤ the legal dissolution of a marriage ⑥ divorcement

⑦ She had adequate grounds for a divorce. 她离婚有充分的理由。

document ['dɒkjʊmənt, 'dɒkjʊment] n. 公文, 文件 vt. 用文件(文献)等证明, 记载

⑤ writing that provides information (especially information of an official nature)

⑥ written document, papers

⑦ She signed her name to the document. 她在文件上签了名。

domestic [də'mestɪk] a. 家庭的; 驯养的; 国内的

⑤ of or relating to the home

⑦ She felt fenced in by domestic routine. 她觉得自己完全被家务事束缚住了。

dormitory ['dɔ:mitri] n. (缩 dorm) (集体)宿舍

⑤ a college or university building containing living quarters for students

⑥ dorm, residence hall, hall, student residence

⑦ He soon gets accustomed to dormitory life and made two or three friends.

他不久就逐渐习惯了宿舍的生活并交了两三个朋友。